

# Alamance County 4-H Fall Plant Sale



**Terms:** All plants sold are to be free from disease, insects and injurious pests. Alamance County 4-H is not responsible for the survival of plants and will not be responsible for the results secured in transplanting. Please follow proper planting guidelines. If you have any questions concerning proper ground preparation or planting methods, please contact the Cooperative Extension Office prior to delivery date.



Cooperative Extension's Youth Development Program

**JOIN THE REVOLUTION OF RESPONSIBILITY**  
Cooperative Extension's Youth Development Program



Alamance County 4-H  
209-C N. Graham-Hopedale Rd.  
Burlington, NC 27217  
<http://alamance.ces.ncsu.edu>  
Phone: 336-570-6740  
Fax: 336-570-6689  
Email: [taylor\\_jones@ncsu.edu](mailto:taylor_jones@ncsu.edu)



## Help Support Alamance County 4-H



Alamance County 4-H would like to ask for your support as we raise funds for our scholarship and programming efforts. Not only will you be supporting a great organization, but you'll be growing your own food!

Proceeds benefit 4-H'ers directly and indirectly. 4-H'ers can earn scholarship money by participating in county events, and this money can help pay for 4-H Camp, Summer Sizzle, teen events, and more. Our fundraisers help build up the 4-H scholarship fund so we can continue to award scholarships. Fundraisers also help support programming efforts such as school enrichment, summer programs and other county events throughout the year. For more information, check out our website:

<http://alamance.ces.ncsu.edu>.

## For Sale:

Apple Trees \* Blackberry Plants \* Fig Trees \* Muscadine Vines  
Peach Trees \* Pear Trees \* Pecan Trees

**Order Deadline:** Oct. 23 (order & payment due)

**Mail to:** Alamance County 4-H  
209-C N. Graham-Hopedale Rd.  
Burlington, NC 27217



**Pick-Up Dates:** November 2 and 3 : 8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.  
November 4 : 8:30 a.m. - noon

**Pick-Up Location:** Alamance County Agricultural Building  
209-C N. Graham-Hopedale Rd.  
Burlington, NC 27217

NC State University and NC A&T State University are collectively committed to positive action to secure equal opportunity and prohibit discrimination and harassment regardless of race, color, national origin, religion, political beliefs, family and marital status, age, sex, sexual identity, sexual orientation, genetic information, veteran status, or disability. NC State University, NC A&T State University, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and local governments cooperating.

## Apple trees (1-gallon containers, \$20 each)

*Two varieties needed for pollination.*



**Blacktwig.** The muddy history of this apple places its origin in Virginia, Tennessee, or Arkansas during the 1800s. This apple tends to be tart and of unparalleled fresh eating quality. It can also be used for cider or cooking, and is known to keep well. The tree is resistant to several apple diseases including fireblight and cedar apple rust. The tree tends to be productive, even on poor quality soils. The apple is above medium to large, skin green with a deep red and several red stripes. Its flesh is white, almost yellow, firm, juicy, and mildly subacid. Ripens late September through October.



**Carolina Red June.** A North Carolina apple originating before 1800, this apple is perhaps the best eating apple to ripen before July. A cute, small to medium apple, its beauty is exceptional for such an early apple. It was prized for its cooking quality as well. The tree does well on many different soils, is productive, and tends to bloom late, assuring a crop most years. It is susceptible to apple scab and cedar apple rust. The fruit ripens over a period of several weeks. This apple is a must for apple lovers. The flesh is white, fine grained, tender, juicy, and briskly subacid. Ripens late June into July.



**Goldrush.** Year after year, many are thrilled by this apple's rich, complex flavor. This tree's rustic yellow apples are both sweet and tart. The firm, crisp apples are produced almost every year, so the tree may require thinning. The tree will produce fruit at an early age. It ripens in mid-October and stores well. It has good disease resistance, though it is susceptible to cedar apple rust. (Patented)



**Horse.** A widely grown apple most likely originating in North Carolina before 1800. More than any other apple, most older Southerners remember the Horse apple. There are several reasons for its widespread popularity. The tree is healthy, grows rapidly, produces large crops of big apples in the middle of summer, makes good cider, and cooks well. The Horse has a flavor unlike others. It is uniquely tart and will disappoint those who like sweet or hard apples. It is, however, unforgettable. Fruit size is medium to large, yellow when ripe, possibly red on the sunny side. Flesh is yellow, soft (sometimes firm), and briskly subacid. Ripens late July into August.



**Magnum Bonum.** This apple originated in Davidson County, NC, in 1828. The fruit is of high quality and attractive, hence many southern nurseries called it "the king of all fall apples." The tree is productive in many areas throughout the South, though it is susceptible to cedar apple rust. The fruit is medium or smaller. The skin is yellow, covered with light red blushes and stripes. Its flesh is white, tender, juicy, fine grained, aromatic, and mildly subacid. Ripens in September. Literally, Magnum Bonum means "great good." Enough said!!



**Roxbury Russet.** This apple is the oldest American apple, originating early in the 1600s in Massachusetts. It was one of the most widely grown russets in the South. It makes truly exceptional cider and cooks well. The tree is a healthy grower, usually bearing large crops most years, and exhibiting resistance to many apple diseases. Fruit is medium or larger and green to yellow in color with a brown russet. Flesh is yellow, coarse, and firm with a subacid flavor. Ripens in September and October and a good keeper.



**Terry Winter.** This apple originated in Fulton County, GA, before 1860. It is adapted to many southern climates and will grow and fruit well in both warmer climates and mountain areas. It blooms very late, escaping most frosts. The apples are red, sweet, juicy, firm, and store well. The flavor is quite unique. Ripens in mid-November.



**Virginia Beauty.** The original tree grew before 1820 in what is today Carroll County in southwestern Virginia. The name implies an attractive apple, but it is also an excellent eating and dessert apple. In 1914, F. H. LaBaume, a Virginia farmer and fruit grower, wrote to the United States Department of Agriculture saying of the Virginia Beauty, “It has a distinctive flavor all of its own that clings to the palate and lingers in the memory for a lifetime.” The tree is known for producing wide branching angles, a trait that aids in producing proper tree structure. Fruit is medium to large with a glossy red or purplish color. Its flesh is greenish-yellow, fine grained, tender, juicy, sweet, and mildly subacid. Ripens in October.



**Virginia Gold.** This apple is a cross between Newtown Pippin and Golden Delicious and was created in 1976 at Virginia Tech (Blacksburg, VA) It has rated highly at apple-tasting events at Monticello, Thomas Jefferson’s home. With such great parents, both of which can be detected when eating, it is easy to understand why this apple is so highly praised. It is a beautiful yellow with a reddish-pink blush. The flesh is firm and has both an acidic and mildly sweet flavor. It is good for eating as well as cooking. It is susceptible to cedar apple rust. It ripens in early October and will store well, becoming sweeter with age.



**Yates.** This apple originated in Fayette County, GA, before 1860. The apple is small and has primarily been used as a cider apple. It is a good keeper and grows well even in the warmer areas of the South. Fruit small, skin a pale red with some darker stripes, and the flesh white, tender, juicy, aromatic, mildly subacid. Ripens in October.

**Blackberry plants (1-gallon containers, \$8 each)**  
*Self-fertile*



**Apache.** Fruit are very large in size, with very good flavor, and an average sugar content of 10-11%. Fruit ripen over about a five-week period with very high yields. Thornless, erect. (US Plant Patent 11865)



**Kiowa.** Fruit are the largest of any other variety, good flavor, and an average sugar content of 10-11%. Fruit ripen mid-season over a six-week period with good yields. Erect, standard (thorns). (US Plant Patent 9861)



**Ouachita.** Fruit are large in size, very good flavor, and an average sugar content of 10- 11%. Fruit ripen mid-season over about five weeks with consistently high yields. Ouachita is potentially the best variety for storage and handling. Thornless, erect. (US Plant Patent 17162)



## Fig trees (1-gallon containers, \$8 each)

*Self-fertile*



**Brown Turkey.** Fruit are medium to large in size, copper color skin, amber to pink color flesh, very good flavor, a closed eye, and very few seeds. Plants are very prolific, many times producing fruit twice a year. Brown Turkey is usually cold hardy as far north as climate zone 5 and they are self-pollinating. Recommended for fresh eating, drying, canning, and preserves.



**Celeste.** Fruit are small to medium in size, light brown to violet-brown skin, whitish pink color flesh, a closed eye, and very few seeds. Plants produce in early summer, are cold hardy through climate zone 6, and are self-pollinating. Recommended for fresh eating, preserves, drying, and canning.



**Kadota.** Fruit are medium in size, yellowish white skin, white to amber flesh, and a very good flavor. Plants are very vigorous and prolific, bearing twice in most years. Plants are also very hardy and adaptive in the South. Recommended for fresh eating, canning, and preserves.

## Muscadine vines (1-gallon containers, \$8 each)

*Self-fertile and female*



**Cowart.** Black; fruit are medium in size, ripen early to mid season, have very large clusters, excellent flavor, good quality, and a wet stem scar. Plants are very vigorous and disease resistant. **SELF FERTILE.**



**Magnolia.** Bronze (white); fruit are medium to large in size, cluster, good flavor, and excellent yields. Plants are very vigorous, cold hardy, and disease resistant. Sugar content 16%-17%. Uses: wine, home, commercial, juice and jelly. **SELF FERTILE.**



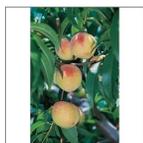
**Nesbitt.** Black; fruit are very large in size, cluster, high yields, ripen mid to late season, and a dry stem scar. Plants are very vigorous, disease resistant, and cold hardy. Sugar content 16.5%-17.5%. Uses: fresh market, pick your own, and home. **SELF-FERTILE.**



**Scuppernong.** Bronze; fruit are medium in size, excellent flavor, wet stem scar, ripen mid to late season. Plants are vigorous, with fair to good disease resistance. Scuppernong is the oldest cultivated variety of muscadines dating back to the 1500s. Sugar content 17%-18%. Uses: wine, fresh market, juice, and jelly. **FEMALE PLANT. You must have self-fertile varieties planted intermittently to produce.**

## Peach trees (5-gallon containers, \$30 each)

*Self-pollinating*



**Belle of Georgia.** Fruit are large in size, skin has a light color with a red cheek, excellent flavor, freestone, ripens mid to late season. Trees are hardy, growth is vigorous, disease resistant and self-fertile. (2-year plant, approx. 3-5 feet)



**Contender.** Fruit are large with red blush, firm yellow flesh, freestone and blooms late. Chilling requirement is 1,050 hours. (2-year plant, approx. 3-5 feet)



**Red Haven.** Fruit are medium in size, bright red skin, yellow flesh, good flavor, freestone, ripens early. Trees are vigorous growing, self-fertile, very prolific. Requires 800-950 hours chilling. Hardy in Zones 5-8. (2-year plant, approx. 3-5 feet)

## Pear trees (5-gallon containers, \$30 each)

*Two varieties needed for pollination.*



**Bartlett.** Fruit are large in size, yellowish brown in color, white flesh, very sweet, juicy, and ripen mid-season. Trees are medium in size with upright growth. They are ideal for planting in smaller areas. Requires 800 hours chilling. Hardy in Zones 5-7. (2-year plant, approx. 3-5 feet)



**Kieffer.** Fruit large in size, golden yellow in color, white flesh, crunchy, sweet, and ripen mid-season. Trees have vigorous growth, are very hardy, blight resistant, and prolific. Self-fruitful. Requires 350 hours of chilling. Hardy in Zones 4-9. (2-year plant, approx. 3-5 feet)

## Pecan trees (5-gallon containers, \$45 each)

*Type I and Type II varieties needed for best pollination.*



**Elliott.** Round, thin shelled nut. Size compares to Stuart; 65 per lb.; 53% meat. One of the best tasting pecans. Highly resistant to scab. Pollinate with Desirable, Pawnee, or Oconee. Zones 6-9. Type II.



**Pawnee.** Large nut with soft shell. Excellent quality, good fields, ripens early and bears nuts at a young age. Trees are disease resistant and are good for high density planting. Hardy zones 7-9. Pollinates well with Elliott. Type I.



**Customer Info**

**Name:**

**Address:**

**Phone Number|s:**

**E-mail :**

**Apple trees:**

Blacktwig (Mammoth)	_____	x \$20.00 each =	_____
Carolina Red June	_____	x \$20.00 each =	_____
Goldrush	_____	x \$20.00 each =	_____
Horse	_____	x \$20.00 each =	_____
Magnum Bonum	_____	x \$20.00 each =	_____
Roxbury Russet	_____	x \$20.00 each =	_____
Terry Winter	_____	x \$20.00 each =	_____
Virginia Beauty	_____	x \$20.00 each =	_____
Virginia Gold	_____	x \$20.00 each =	_____
Yates	_____	x \$20.00 each =	_____

**Blackberry plants:**

Apache	_____	x \$ 8.00 each =	_____
Kiowa	_____	x \$ 8.00 each =	_____
Ouachita	_____	x \$ 8.00 each =	_____

**Fig trees:**

Brown Turkey	_____	x \$ 8.00 each =	_____
Celeste	_____	x \$ 8.00 each =	_____
Kadota	_____	x \$ 8.00 each =	_____

**Muscadine vines:**

Cowart	_____	x \$ 8.00 each =	_____
Magnolia	_____	x \$ 8.00 each =	_____
Magnolia	_____	x \$ 8.00 each =	_____
Scuppernong	_____	x \$ 8.00 each =	_____

**Peach trees:**

Belle of Georgia	_____	x \$30.00 each =	_____
Contender	_____	x \$30.00 each =	_____
Red Haven	_____	x \$30.00 each =	_____

**Pear trees:**

Bartlett	_____	x \$30.00 each =	_____
Kieffer	_____	x \$30.00 each =	_____

**Pecan trees:**

Elliott	_____	x \$45.00 each =	_____
Pawnee	_____	x \$45.00 each =	_____

**Total order:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Amt. paid:** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Cash or Check #** \_\_\_\_\_

**Advance payment required!**  
 Make checks payable to **Alamance County 4-H.**



*Thank you for your support!*