



Alamance County 4-H Fall Plant Sale 2024



Terms: All plants sold are to be free from disease, insects and injurious pests. Alamance County 4-H is not responsible for the survival of plants and will not be responsible for the results secured in transplanting. Please follow proper planting guidelines. If you have any questions concerning proper ground preparation or planting methods, please contact the Cooperative Extension Office prior to delivery date.



Alamance County 4-H
209-C N. Graham-Hopedale Rd.
Burlington, NC 27217
<http://alamance.ces.ncsu.edu>
Phone: 336-570-6740
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Thank you for Supporting Alamance County 4-H

Alamance County 4-H would like to ask for your support again this season as we raise funds for our scholarship and programming efforts with this plant sale. Not only will you be supporting a great organization, but you'll be growing your own food!

Order period: September 20 - October 25
Cash or check payment must accompany order.

Mail or bring order to: Alamance County 4-H
Agricultural Building
209-C N. Graham-Hopedale Rd.
Burlington, NC 27217

Pickup dates: November 7-8, 8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.
You will receive an email when your plants are available for pickup.

Pickup location: 1946-B Martin St., Burlington, NC 27217
The location is *behind* the Ag Building.



Apples * Blackberries * Blueberries * Elderberries *
Figs * Muscadines * Peaches * Pears

Watch for Think Green Thursday classes in early 2025 to learn more about caring for your fruit plants. Classes will include pruning demonstrations.

Apple trees come from [Century Farm Orchards](#).
Other fruit plants come from [Bottoms Nursery](#).
We thank both for their support of this fundraiser!

If you have any questions, please contact Cynthia at the Extension office: cynthia_pierce@ncsu.edu or 336-570-6740.



N.C. Cooperative Extension prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, sex (including pregnancy), disability, religion, sexual orientation, gender identity, genetic information, political affiliation, and veteran status.

Apple Trees (1-gallon containers, \$25 each)

Two varieties needed for pollination. Semi-dwarf MM111 rootstock.

Blacktwig. The muddy history of this apple places its origin in Virginia, Tennessee, or Arkansas during the 1800s. This apple tends to be tart and of unparalleled fresh eating quality. It can also be used for cider or cooking, and is known to keep well. The tree is resistant to several apple diseases including fire blight and cedar apple rust. The tree tends to be productive, even on poor quality soils. The apple is above medium to large, skin green with a deep red and several red stripes. Its flesh is white, almost yellow, firm, juicy, and mildly subacid.

Buckingham. Buckingham is the quintessential southern apple. Historically, it was grown all over the South for the size and flavor of its fruit as well as the productiveness of the tree. Fruit are large, round and slightly conical. The skin is thick and smooth with a yellow base color almost completely blushed red and marked with red stripes. Flesh is yellow, firm, somewhat coarse-grained, tender and juicy. Does best in areas of hot, long summer growing seasons. On its own root system, the tree grows shallow roots which frequently push up through the soil to form shoots which can be removed and replanted for propagation. Good for eating, cooking, drying, and cider.

Cauley. Fruit large to very large, some apples weighing over a pound, roundish; skin light green or yellowish with a red blush and some obscure red stripes, but some apples are almost entirely red; dots scattered, whitish or russet. Flesh slightly yellow, crisp, mild subacid. Ripe August/September. Uses: Fresh eating, cooking, drying. Does not store well.

Grimes Golden. A West Virginia apple originating around 1800, this apple was widely grown throughout the South and is known as the parent of the modern day Golden Delicious. It is a fine eating apple and makes excellent cider. It tends to bloom late, making heavy crops most years and light crops other years. Fruit is usually medium or larger. Its skin is yellow with some russet. Flesh is yellow, firm, crisp, juicy, aromatic, sweet, and spicy. It ripens in September and stores fairly well.

Magnum Bonum. This apple originated in Davidson County, N.C., in 1828. The fruit is of high quality and attractive, hence many southern nurseries called it “the king of all fall apples.” The tree is productive in many areas throughout the South, though it is susceptible to cedar apple rust. The fruit is medium or smaller. The skin is yellow, covered with light red blushes and stripes. Its flesh is white, tender, juicy, fine grained, aromatic, and mildly subacid. Ripens in September. Literally, Magnum Bonum means “great good.”

Old Fashioned Winesap. Sometimes called Red Winter, this Winesap ripens later than most, sometimes hanging on the tree into November. It is entirely covered in dark red and a much larger apple than most Winesaps. It is the best keeper and its flavor improves over several months. Can keep well into May in a refrigerator. They also make good cider.

Pink Lady. Pink Lady® is a trademark (and is not an heirloom variety). The actual variety name is Cripps Pink. Pink Lady® requires a very long growing period and a hot climate. Strong sunlight in autumn is vital for the pink coloration to develop. Attractive pink apple with good flavor.

Stayman Winesap. This apple originated in Kansas in 1866 as a seedling of the original Winesap. It has been an important commercial apple for the past 100 years. It grows well in the South and is resistant to apple scab and cedar apple rust. The fruit is good for fresh eating, cooking, and making cider. The fruit is medium or larger and greenish with some red around most of the apple. The flesh is yellow, fine grained, firm, juicy, and sprightly subacid. Ripens in late September into October.

Apples - <https://growingsmallfarms.ces.ncsu.edu/growingsmallfarms-heirloom-apples/>

Southern Heritage Apples - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NoF607TloHg&t=5s>

Name	Bloom Season	Pollinator	Harvest
Blacktwig	mid to late	needs pollinator	late Sep/Oct
Buckingham	mid to late	needs pollinator	late Sep
Cauley	mid	needs pollinator	Aug/Sep
Grimes Golden	early to late	pollinator	Sep
Magnum Bonum	early to mid	pollinator	Sep
Old Fashioned Winesap	late	needs pollinator	Oct
Pink Lady	mid to late	pollinator	Oct
Stayman Winesap	late	needs pollinator	Sep/Oct

Blackberry Plants (1-gallon containers, \$10.00 each)

Self-fertile

Apache. Fruit are very large in size, with very good flavor, and an average sugar content of 10-11%. Fruit ripen over about a five-week period mid season with very high yields. Thornless, erect. (US Plant Patent 11865)

Arapaho. Fruit are medium in size, good flavor, and an average sugar content of 9-10%. Fruit ripen early over about a four-week period with good yields. Thornless, erect. (US Plant Patent 8510)

Ouachita. Fruit are large in size, very good flavor, and an average sugar content of 10- 11%. Fruit ripen mid season over about five weeks with consistently high yields. Ouachita is potentially the best variety for storage and handling. (US Plant Patent 17162)

Ponca. Fruit are medium to large in size with a wonderful sweet flavor. Ponca is a heavy producing plant with excellent disease resistance. Fruit appears early in the season and is great for fresh eating and local farm markets. Ponca is thornless and erect. Hardy in zones 6-9.

Blackberries - <https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/blackberries-for-the-home-garden>

Blueberry Bushes (1-gallon containers, \$10.00 each)

Plant two varieties for best pollination.

Climax. Early fruiting variety that normally matures in the middle of June. Plants have upright growth habits with more of an open spreading crown than other varieties. Climax has been used for years in commercial, pick-your-own, and home settings. Berries are firm with excellent flavor, good color, and a very small stem scar.

Powderblue. Ripens mid season. Berries are very light blue in color, medium in size with good firmness and flavor. Plants have an upright, spreading growth habit and are an excellent choice for using in ornamental settings. Powderblue also is a good choice for commercial plantings.

Tifblue. Ripens mid to late season. Fruit are medium size with good flavor and an average stem scar. Plants have a good upright growth habit. Tifblue is one of the oldest cultivars that is still being planted.

Vernon. Blooms late, ripens early. Berries are large, firm, sweet, and have dry stem scar, good shelf life, good yields and excellent plant vigor.

Blueberries - <https://blueberries.ces.ncsu.edu/>

Elderberries (1-gallon containers, \$10.00 each)

Plant two varieties for best pollination.

Bob Gordon. Bob Gordon elderberry plants are vigorous and productive. The shrub usually reaches a height of 8 feet. However, this cultivar can be cut to the ground after dormancy and fruit can be harvested in the following year on primocane (new growth) stems. The fruit of the Bob Gordon elderberry is sweeter and larger than other cultivars. Yields are high, and plants appear to have some resistance to Japanese beetles. They grow best in zones 4-8.

Wyldeewood. The Wyldeewood elderberry is a newer variety that is big on yield. Huge flower heads are a full 2" wider than existing varieties, producing foot-wide pompoms of blooms in June. The fruit ripens in late summer (about 2 weeks later than other elderberry varieties) Wyldeewood elderberry is a very hearty plant and grows best in zones 4-9.

Elderberries - <https://plants.ces.ncsu.edu/plants/sambucus-nigra/>

Workshop - <https://www.eventbrite.com/e/growing-elderberries-tickets-1000681183357>

Fig Trees (1-gallon containers, \$10.00 each)

Self-fertile

Brown Turkey. Fruit are medium to large in size, copper color skin, amber to pink color flesh, very good flavor, a closed eye, and very few seeds. Plants are very prolific, many times producing fruit twice a year. Brown Turkey is usually cold hardy as far north as Climate Zone 6 and they are self-pollinating. Recommended for fresh eating, drying, canning, and preserves.

Celeste. Fruit are small to medium in size, light brown to violet-brown skin, whitish pink color flesh, a closed eye, and very few seeds. Plants produce in early summer, are cold hardy through Climate Zone 6, and are self-pollinating. Recommended for fresh eating, preserves, drying, and canning.

Figs - <https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/fig-culture-in-north-carolina>

Muscadine Vines (1-gallon containers, \$10.00 each)

Self-fertile

Carlos. Bronze; fruit are small to medium in size, ripen early to mid season, produce in clusters, ripens very evenly, is a very heavy producer, and has a dry stem scar. Carlos plants are very vigorous and cold hardy.

Cowart. Black; fruit are medium in size, ripen early to mid season, have very large clusters, excellent flavor, good quality, and a wet stem scar. Plants are very vigorous and disease resistant. Self-fertile.

Nesbitt. Black; fruit are very large in size, cluster, high yields, ripen mid to late season, and a dry stem scar. Plants are very vigorous, disease resistant, and cold hardy. Sugar content 16.5%-17.5%. Uses: fresh market, pick-your-own, and home. Self-fertile.

Tara. Bronze; fruit are large in size, good flavor, dry stem scar, and ripen early to mid season. Plants are initially slow-growing but become more vigorous after the first growing season, disease resistant, and cold hardy. Sugar content 16.5%-17.5%. Uses: fresh market, pick-your-own, home, and commercial. Self-fertile.

Muscadines - <https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/muscadine-grapes-in-the-home-garden>

Peach Trees (5-gallon containers, \$30 each)

Plant two varieties for best pollination. Halford rootstock.

Contender. Fruit are large with red blush, firm yellow flesh, freestone and blooms late. Chilling requirement is 1050 hours.

Red Haven. Fruit are medium in size, bright red skin, yellow flesh, good flavor, freestone, ripens early. Trees are vigorous growing, self fertile, very prolific. Requires 800-950 hours chilling. Hardy in Zones 5-8.

Peaches - <https://peaches.ces.ncsu.edu/peaches-production/>

Pear Trees (5-gallon containers, \$30 each)

Plant two varieties for best pollination. Calleryana rootstock.

Bartlett. Fruit are large in size, yellowish brown in color, white flesh, very sweet, juicy, and ripen mid season. Trees are medium in size with upright growth. They are ideal for planting in smaller areas. Requires 800 hours chilling. Hardy in Zones 5-7.

Keiffer. Fruit are large in size, golden yellow in color, white flesh, crunchy, sweet, and ripen mid season. Trees have vigorous growth, are very hardy, blight resistant, and prolific. Self-fruitful. Requires 350 hours of chilling. Hardy in Zones 4-9.

Moonglow. Fruit are medium in size, yellow in color, white flesh, soft, excellent and ripen early. Mild flavor with almost no grit cells, excellent for fresh use or canning. Trees have an upright growth and are blight resistant. Requires 700 hours chilling and hardy in Zones 5-8.

Pears - <https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/north-carolina-production-guide-for-smaller-orchard-plantings>

Customer Info	
Name:	
Address:	
Phone Number s:	
E-mail :	

Apple trees:

Blacktwig	_____	x \$25.00 each =	_____
Buckingham	_____	x \$25.00 each =	_____
Cauley	_____	x \$25.00 each =	_____
Grimes Golden	_____	x \$25.00 each =	_____
Magnum Bonum	_____	x \$25.00 each =	_____
Old Fashioned Winesap	_____	x \$25.00 each =	_____
Pink Lady	_____	x \$25.00 each =	_____
Stayman Winesap	_____	x \$25.00 each =	_____

Blackberry plants:

Apache	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Arapaho	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Ouachita	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Ponca	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____

Blueberry bushes

Climax	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Powderblue	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Tifblue	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Vernon	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____

Elderberries

Bob Gordon	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Wyldeewood	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____

Fig trees:

Brown Turkey	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Celeste	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____

Muscadine vines:

Carlos	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Cowart	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Nesbitt	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____
Tara	_____	x \$10.00 each =	_____

Peach trees:

Contender	_____	x \$30.00 each =	_____
Red Haven	_____	x \$30.00 each =	_____

Pear trees:

Bartlett	_____	x \$30.00 each =	_____
Keiffer	_____	x \$30.00 each =	_____
Moonglow	_____	x \$30.00 each =	_____

Advance payment required!
 Make checks payable to **Alamance County 4-H.**
 Thank you for your support!

Order total: _____
 Amt. paid CA or CK: _____
 Receipt Number: _____

